

## FBISD READS: Literacy at Home

Phonics Concept							
1 <sup>st</sup> Nine Weeks							
Week	Concept	Examples	At Home Connections				
1	Review Consonants and Vowels	Teachers will use this time to review	Phonological Awareness:  • Find Specific Sounds- Have your child and other family				
2	Review Consonants and Vowels	consonant and vowels introduces to students in Kindergarten.	members listen for words with a specific sound in family conversation or on television and radio programs, such as words that start with the s sound or				
3	Short A: VC and CVC (Closed Syllables)	jam, ram, mad	that end with the k sound. Have your family members share their heard words and list them on a piece of				
4	Short i: VC and CVC (Closed Syllables)	rig, fin, bib	<ul> <li>paper.</li> <li>Match the First Sound- Help your child identify the beginning sounds in words. Sort and match pictures</li> </ul>				
5	Short o: VC and CVC (Closed Syllables)	dot, fog, hot	and words according to beginning sound. Ask your child to figure out which picture or word doesn't				
6	Short u: VC and CVC (Closed Syllables)	bus, cup, hug	belong because it has a different beginning sound. (Example: bag, nine, beach, and bike). Sing the				
7	Short e: VC and CVC (Closed Syllables)	sled, beg, fed	television jingle, "One of these things is not like the others." Have your child sort snack foods by their beginning sounds. (Example: raisins on one plate,				
8	Consonant Digraphs (sh, ch)	chip, shed	carrots on another, etc.)				
9	Consonant Digraphs (th-voiced and unvoiced, wh)	while, that	<ul> <li>Mystery Game- Play a mystery game in which you are calling your child's name or looking for an object around the house. For example, say, "I'm thinking of someone whose name begins with (say the sound for the letter t)," or "I'm looking for an item that begins with (say the sound for the letter g)."</li> <li>Phonics:         <ul> <li>Blend Words- Gather several small objects from around the house. Say, "Let's see if you can guess what I am hiding behind my back. I will say parts of the word and, if you put these parts together, you will be able to guess what I have behind my back." Pronounce the first sound and ending rhyme separately. For example, pen.If your child is able to blend the parts and come up with the word, show him or her the pen and repeat with another object or toy. If your child is not able to blend the first sound and ending rhyme, model the process. For example, b-at, bat. Repeat this practice, blending parts of words into whole words.</li> <li>Label Your Home- Use masking tape and a permanent marker to label names of objects in your home, such as bed, doll, table, and chair. This helps your child recognize letters and the names of everyday objects.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
14/= -1	2 <sup>nd</sup> Nine Weeks						
Week	Concept	Examples	At Home Connections				
1	Consonant Digraphs (ch, ck) & Trigraph (tch)	latch, rich, tick	<ul> <li>Phonological Awareness:</li> <li>Word Race- Help your child pick out the first sound in words, an important step in learning to read. Give your</li> </ul>				
2	Long Vowels (Open Syllables)	me, no, hi	child one minute to name as many objects, people,				

3			
	Long Vowels (Open Syllables) Including y	I, dry, she	foods, etc that start with a given sound, such as sss. When the minute is up, have them try to beat their
4	Consonant Blends (L & S)	stem, clap	score with another sound, such as rrr. It's important to
5	Consonant Blends (R)	drip, brush	say the sound the letter makes rather than the letter's name. For instance, say mmm rather than em.
6	Final Consonant Blends (-nt, -nd, -mp)	hunt, land, camp	Count the Sounds- Help your child count the number of sounds in words. Have your child find pictures of
7	Consonant Blends (spl, spr, scr)	splash, sprint, scrape	two– and three–sound words. Put the same number of markers (coins, blocks, etc.) representing the sounds
8	-II, -ss, -ff, -zz (floss rule)	shell, pass, sniff, jazz	under the picture. Have your child touch a different marker as he or she says each sound. Some ideas for
			pictures are: fish (3 sounds), lip (3 sounds), shoe (2 sounds), and the number five (3 sounds).
			<ul><li>Phonics:</li><li>Grocery List- Give your child a sheet of paper and</li></ul>
			dictate the items you need to buy. If your child
			requests the correct spelling, write the words for your
			child to copy, or spell the words as he or she writes
			them. You can also allow your child to use inventive
			spelling for items on the list and locate the correct
			spelling at the grocery store.
			<ul> <li>Words in the World- Point out the letter/sound relationships your child is learning on food labels,</li> </ul>
			boxes, newspapers, magazines, and signs. For instance,
			ask your child, "What sound does this letter make?"
			Practice writing and reading letters and words.
		3 <sup>rd</sup> Nine	Weeks
Week	Concept	Examples	At Home Connections
1	-ng, -ing	bling, sting, ping	Phonological Awareness:
2	-ong, -ung, -ang	long, flung, rang	Sounds on a Walk- Help your child take spoken words
3	-nk, -ink	wink, drink, clink	apart. Have your child listen for syllables in words. You
4	-onk, -unk, -ank	honk, plunk, tank	can play this game while you are walking. Have your child clap the number of syllables in the name of each
		·	object you see. Next, have your child separate the
5	VCe: long a, long i	cave, wide	sounds in words, listening for beginning, middle, and
1 6			
6	VCe: long o, long u	bone, cute	ending sounds; for example, if your child sees a bird, he
7	VCe: long o, long u Vowel Teams: ai, ay	train, day	or she would say b-ir-d.
7 8	Vowel Teams: ai, ay Vowel Teams: ee, ea	train, day sheep, beach	or she would say b-ir-d.  • Break the Words Apart- Help your child take spoken words apart and put them together. Have your child
7 8 9	Vowel Teams: ai, ay  Vowel Teams: ee, ea  Vowel Teams: ie, igh	train, day sheep, beach tie, light, bright	or she would say b-ir-d.  • Break the Words Apart- Help your child take spoken words apart and put them together. Have your child separate the sounds in simple three-letter words,
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3	Diphthongs: oo, ew	spoon, flew, moo
4	Diphthongs: au, aw	haul, draw, law
5	R- Controlled vowels: ar, or	tar, corn, scar
6	R- Controlled vowels: er, ir, ur	stern, blur, first
7	Decoding Compound words and contractions	snowman, baseball she's, hasn't
8	Inflectional endings: -s, -es	kids, buses
9	Inflectional endings: -ed	melted, hooked, played
10	Reteach and Review	Teachers will use this week to revisit any concepts students need additional practice on.

- Shopping for Sounds- As you and your child shop, have your child separate the sounds in the name of each item you put in your shopping basket, listening for beginning, middle, and ending sounds; for example, for a bag, your child would say b-a-g. Next, ask your child to blend sounds together to make a word. Say words one sound at a time; for example, you say m-i-l-k and your child says milk; you say c-a-n and your child says can.
- Count the Words- Have your child count the number of words in a spoken sentence. Say a sentence. (Example: "Let's go to the park.") Have your child tell you the number of words in the sentence. Switch roles, allowing your child to give you a sentence and have you say the number of words it contains.

## **Phonics:**

- Personal Dictionary- Help your child create a personal word dictionary. This is a long-term project that's fun for rainy or snowy days. Help your child write a letter of the alphabet at the top of every page in a notebook or on separate sheets of paper. Ask your child to write down recently learned words on the page with the corresponding first letter.
- Letters to Friends- Encourage your child to write notes and letters to relatives and friends. Ask the people who receive the notes to respond with notes and letters of their own.

Glossary	
Concept	Definition
Alphabetic Principle (Letter- Sound Relationships)	The understanding that letters and combinations of letters represent the sounds of spoken language.
CCVC/CVCC (consonant blends and clusters)	Two (blends) or more (clusters) consecutive consonants that retain their individual sounds but are "chunked" together when read
	Blends and clusters can occur at the beginning of words or the end of words
Compound Words	A word formed by two or more words that has a single meaning.
Consonant Digraphs	Two-letter consonant combinations that stand for one phoneme
Contractions	Two words combined and shortened by omitting certain letters which are replaced with an apostrophe
Diphthongs	Complex speech sounds or glides that begin with one vowel and gradually change to another vowel within the same syllable
Inflectional Endings	Letters that are added to a base word and change the word meaning. Inflectional endings are also suffixes.
Long Vowels	Long vowels are voiced and produce a sound that is the same as their letter name. They typically are produced from open, vowel-consonant-e, and vowel team syllables.
Phonological Awareness	An umbrella term that includes the awareness of the larger parts of spoken language. There are four developmental levels: word, syllable, onset/rime, and phoneme
Phonics	Phonics is a way of teaching children how to read and write the English language. It teaches children to read individual letters (e.g. a, s, t) and groups of letters (e.g. oo, sh, igh) by saying the sounds they make. They then learn how to blend the sounds to make the words they are reading or writing.
r-controlled syllables	Vowel sounds produced when the letter r follows a vowel; they make an unexpected, but reliable sound.
VC/CVC (Closed Syllable)	Vowel Consonant/ Consonant Vowel Consonant: A syllable with a short vowel, spelled with a single vowel letter ending in one or more consonants.
VCe (Vowel Consonant -e syllables)	A syllable type that typically makes a long vowel sound. It is spelled with one vowel and one consonant with a silent e after the consonant
Vowel Team Syllables	A syllable type combination of two vowel letters that stand for a single vowel sound.

Diphthongs ou/ow and oi/oy are included in this syllable category.

## **Additional Information and Resources**

- Science of Teaching Reading Term Review
- Songs
- Handwriting Manuscript Stroke Descriptions
- Types of Text in a Literacy Classroom
- <u>Correct Phoneme Pronunciation</u>